# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

# FORM 10-Q

Mon	k One)			
_	k One)  Quarterly report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the Se	auritias Evabanca Aat	of 1024 for the questorly period and	d July 21
X	2004 or Transition report pursuant to section 13 or 15(d) of the Sec	· ·		•
	to			
Com	mission File No. 0-9143			
	William	COMPANIES DIS		
		COMPANIES, INC. strant as specified in its	charter)	
	Indiana		35-1150732	
	(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	(I.R.S. E	mployer Identification Number)	-
	One Technology Way			
	Indianapolis, Indiana (Address of principal executive offices)	_	46268 (Zip code)	-
	(Audiess of principal executive offices)		(Elp code)	
Regi code	strant's telephone	number,	including	area
(317	293-5309			
Exch	ate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed a ange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2 ate by check mark whether the Registrant is an accelerated	Yes X No	e filing requirements for the past 90 o elle 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).	
The	number of shares of the Registrant's common stock outstar	nding as of September	1, 2004 was 5,975,694.	
	HURCO	COMPANIES, INC.		
		m 10-Q Quarterly Repo	ort	
	Tab	le of Contents		
	Part I - Fi	nancial Information		
Item	Condensed Financial Statements			

<u>Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations</u>
Three months and nine months ended July 31, 2004 and 2003

3

	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows Three months and nine months ended July 31, 2004 and 2003	5					
	Condensed Consolidated Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity Nine months ended July 31, 2004 and 2003	6					
	Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements	7					
Item 2.	Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations	10					
Item 3.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk	16					
Item 4.	Controls and Procedures	18					
Part II - Other Information							
Item 1.	Legal Proceedings	19					
Item 5.	Other Information	19					
Item 6.	Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K	20					
Signatures		21					

# PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Item 1.

# HURCO COMPANIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS (In thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended July 31					Nine Months Ended July 31			
	 2004		2003		2004		2003		
	 (unau	dited	l)		(unau	dited	1)		
Sales and service fees	\$ 23,748	\$	18,354	\$	70,721	\$	51,760		
Cost of sales and service	 16,435		13,280		49,464		37,564		
Gross profit	7,313		5,074		21,257		14,196		
Selling, general and administrative expenses	 5,241		4,332	_	15,295	_	13,323		
Operating income	2,072		742		5,962		873		
Interest expense	113		167		374		476		
Variable options expense					322				
Other income (expense), net	 28		(43)	_	(119)	_	5		
Income before taxes	1,987		532		5,147		402		
Provision for income taxes	 405		201		1,159		514		
Net income (loss)	\$ 1,582	\$	331	\$	3,988	\$	(112)		
Earnings (loss) per common share									

Basic Diluted	\$ \$	0.27 0.25	\$ \$	0.06	\$ 0.70 0.67	\$ \$	(0.02) (0.02)
Weighted average common shares outstanding							
Basic		5,882		5,583	 5,722	_	5,583
Diluted		6,204		5,630	 5,964		5,583

 $\label{thm:companying} \textit{The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements}.$ 

# HURCO COMPANIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (Dollars in thousands)

		July 31 2004		2003
		(unaudited)		(audited)
SSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,564	\$	5,289
Cash - restricted				622
Accounts receivable		14,351		12,823
Inventories		27,393		22,247
Other	_	2,171		1,409
Total current assets	<u> </u>	50,479		42,390
roperty and equipment:				
Land		761		761
Building		7,242		7,239
Machinery and equipment		10,908		10,568
Leasehold improvements		648		544
	<u> </u>	19,559		19,112
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		(11,131)		(10,730)
		8,428		8,382
oftware development costs, less amortization		2,686		1,922
nvestments and other assets		5,599		5,264
	\$	67,192	\$	57,958
LABOR SERVICE AND CHARDENG ADDRESS FOR SERVICE AND CHARD				
JABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY				
current liabilities:	\$	16746	e	0.461
Accounts payable	3	16,746 9,035	\$	9,461 10,048
Accrued expenses Current portion of long-term debt				
Total current liabilities	_	315		645
rotai cuirent naonnties	_	26,096		20,154
on-current liabilities:				
Long-term debt		4,638		8,577
Deferred credits and other obligations		552		486
Total liabilities	<u></u>	31,286		29,217
hareholders' equity:				
Preferred stock: no par value per share; 1,000,000 shares				
authorized; no shares issued				
Common stock: no par value; \$.10 stated value per share;				
12,500,000 shares authorized, 5,953,694 and 5,575,987 shares				
issued, respectively		595		557
Additional paid-in capital		46,495		44,695
Accumulated deficit		(5,723)		(9,711)
Accumulated other comprehensive income		(5,461)		(6,800)
Total shareholders' equity	_	35,906		28,741
	\$	67,192	\$	57,958

# HURCO COMPANIES, INC. CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Dollars in thousands)

	(Donars in thousands)			N. N. J. E. J.				
		Three Mon	ths E	nded	Nine Mon	ths Ended		
		July	31		July	31		
		2004		2003	2004	2003		
Cash flows from operating activities:								
Net income (loss)	\$	1,582	\$	331	\$ 3,988	\$ (112)		
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net		,			, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		(122)		(1.1)	(215)	(156)		
Equity in (income) loss of affiliates		(123)		(11)	(215)	(156)		
Depreciation and amortization		291		358	932	1,073		
Change in assets and liabilities:		417		(60)	(1.202)	2.751		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable				(69)	(1,203)	2,751		
(Increase) decrease in inventories		(2,816) 1,499		(178)	(4,223)	(2,608)		
Increase in accounts payable				(854)	7,316	1,287		
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses Other		81		(1,036)	(1,291)	(3,061)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		41		(352)	(534)	(399)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		972	_	(1,811)	4,770	(1,225)		
Cash flows from investing activities:								
Purchase of property and equipment		(395)		(86)	(749)	(381)		
Software development costs		(347)		(252)	(983)	(454)		
Change in restricted cash		-		629	622	(521)		
Other investments		(26)		6	(63)	(20)		
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		(768)		297	(1,173)	(1,376)		
Cash flows from financing activities:								
Advances on bank credit facilities		1,047		17,952	20,308	38,631		
Repayment of bank credit facilities		(1,401)		(15,867)	(24,229)	(36,757)		
Repayment on first mortgage		(27)		(27)	(80)	(76)		
Repayment of term debt		-		(336)	(338)	(673)		
Proceeds from exercise of common stock options		547		_	1,838			
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities		166		1,722	(2,501)	1,125		
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash		1	_	71	179	345		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and								
cash equivalents		371		279	1,275	(1,131)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		6,193		2,948	5,289	4,358		
		0,173		2,7 10	3,267	1,556		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$	6,564	\$	3,227	\$ 6,564	\$ 3,227		
•			_					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

5

HURCO COMPANIES, INC.
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
For the nine months ended July 31, 2004 and 2003

	Shares Issued & Outstanding	Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (loss)	Total
			(Dollars in	thousands)		
Balances, October 31, 2002	5,583,158	<u>\$ 558</u>	<u>\$ 44,717</u>	\$ (10,173)	<u>\$ (7,085)</u> <u>\$</u>	28,017
Net income (loss) Translation of foreign currency	-		-	(112)		(112)
financial statements Unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments					1,032 (951)	1,032
Comprehensive loss						(31)
Exercise of common stock options						
Balances, July 31, 2003	5,583,158	<u>\$ 558</u>	<u>\$ 44,717</u>	\$ (10,285)	\$ (7,004) \$	27,986
Balances, October 31, 2003	5,575,987	<u>\$ 557</u>	\$ 44,695	\$ (9,711)	<u>\$ (6,800)</u> <u>\$</u>	28,741
Net income (loss)				3,988		3,988
Translation of foreign currency financial statements				-	485	485
Unrealized gain (loss) on derivative instruments					854	854
Comprehensive income						5,327
Exercise of common stock options	377,707	38	1,800			1,838
Balances, July 31, 2004	5,953,694	595	46,495	(5,723)	(5,461) \$	35,906

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the condensed consolidated financial statements.

6

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Unaudited

# 1. GENERAL

The unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Hurco Companies, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries. We design and produce computerized machine tools, interactive computer control systems and software for sale through our distribution network to the worldwide metal cutting market. We also provide software options, computer control upgrades, accessories and replacement parts for our products, as well as customer service and training support.

The condensed financial information as of July 31, 2004 and for the three and nine months ended July 31, 2004 and July 31, 2003 is unaudited; however, in our opinion, the interim data includes all adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair statement of the results and financial position for the interim periods. We suggest that you read these condensed consolidated financial statements in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes thereto included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended October 31, 2003.

## 2. HEDGING

We enter into foreign currency forward exchange contracts periodically to hedge certain forecast inter-company product sales and inter-company and third party product purchases that will be denominated in foreign currencies (primarily the Pound Sterling, Euro and New Taiwan Dollar). The purpose of these instruments is to mitigate the risk that the U.S. dollar net cash inflows and outflows resulting from sales and purchases denominated in foreign currencies will be adversely affected by changes in exchange rates. These forward contracts have been designated as cash flow hedge instruments, and are recorded in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at fair value in Other Current Assets and Accrued Expenses. Gains and losses resulting from changes in the fair value of these hedge instruments are deferred in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income and recognized as an adjustment to Cost of Sales in the period that the sale of the product that was the subject of the hedged transaction is recognized, thereby providing an offsetting economic impact against the corresponding change in the U.S. dollar value of the inter-company sale or purchase being hedged.

At July 31, 2004, we had \$961,000 of losses related to cash flow hedges deferred in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. Of this amount, \$331,000 represents unrealized losses related to future cash flow hedge instruments that remain subject to currency fluctuation risk. These deferred losses will be recorded as an adjustment to Cost of Sales in the periods through March 2005, in which the sale of the related hedged item is recognized, as described above. Net losses on cash flow hedge instruments which we reclassified from Other Comprehensive Income to Cost of Sales in the quarters ended July 31, 2004 and 2003 were \$726,000 and \$336,000, respectively.

We also enter into foreign currency forward exchange contracts to protect against the effects of foreign currency fluctuations on receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies. These derivative instruments are not designated as hedges under Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, "Accounting Standards for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" (SFAS 133), and, as a result, changes in fair value are reported currently as Other Income (Expense), Net in the Consolidated Statement of Operations consistent with the transaction gain or loss on the related foreign denominated receivable or payable. Such net transaction losses were \$12,000 and \$48,000 for the quarters ended July 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

#### 3. STOCK OPTIONS

At July 31, 2004, we had two stock-based compensation plans for employees and non-employee directors, which were described more fully in the notes to the consolidated financial statements included in our 2003 annual report on Form 10-K. We account for those plans under the recognition and measurement principles of APB Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees," and related Interpretations. No stock based compensation cost is reflected in net earnings related to those plans, except for certain non-qualified options

1

subject to variable plan accounting, as all stock options granted had exercise prices equal to the market value of the underlying common stock on the date of grant. The following table illustrates the effect on net earnings and earnings per share if the Company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock Based Compensation," to the above plans.

	Three Months Ended July 31			Nine Months Ended July 31			inded	
		2004		2003		2004		2003
(dollars in thousands, except per share data) Net income (loss), as reported	\$	1,582	\$	331	\$	3,988	\$	(112)
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method for all awards, net of related tax effects		(24)		(49)		(72)		(148)
Pro forma net income (loss)	\$	1,558	\$	282	\$	3,916	\$	(260)
Earnings (loss) per share:								
Basic as reported Basic pro forma	\$	0.27 0.26	\$	0.06 0.05	\$	0.70 0.68	\$	(0.02) (0.05)
Diluted as reported Diluted pro forma	\$	0.25 0.25	\$	0.06 0.05	\$	0.67 0.66	\$	(0.02) (0.05)

On November 11, 2001, our former CEO was granted 110,000 options at \$2.11 and all of his previous option grants were cancelled. These options were subject to variable plan accounting, which resulted in a charge to expense in the first half of fiscal 2004 of \$322,000. As of July 31, 2004, all options subject to variable plan accounting have been exercised.

# 4. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Basic and diluted earnings per common share are based on the weighted average number of our shares of common stock outstanding. Diluted earnings per common share give effect to outstanding stock options using the treasury method. The impact of stock options on the earnings per share calculation for the three months ended July 31, 2004 and 2003 was 322,000 and 47,000 shares, respectively.

# 5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The allowance for doubtful accounts was \$833,000 as of July 31, 2004 and \$630,000 as of October 31, 2003.

### 6. INVENTORIES

Inventories, priced at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market, are summarized below (in thousands):

	July 31 2004	,	Oc	tober 31, 2003
Purchased parts and sub-assemblies	\$ 4,	571	\$	3,452
Work-in-process	3,	841		2,029
Finished goods	18,	981		16,766
	\$ 27,	393	\$	22,247

#### 7. SEGMENT INFORMATION

We operate in a single segment: industrial automation systems. We design and produce computerized machine tools, interactive computer control systems and software for sale through our distribution network to the worldwide metal working market. We also provide software options, computer control upgrades, accessories and replacement parts for our products, as well as customer service and training support.

8

#### 8. RESTRUCTURING EXPENSE AND OTHER EXPENSE, NET

We previously occupied a facility located in England under a lease that expired in April 2002. The lease required that, following expiration of the lease, we make certain repairs to the facility resulting from deterioration of the facility during the lease term. On September 30, 2003, we settled this claim with the lessor for £684,000 (approximately \$1.2 million), which we had previously accrued. The accrued liability was due and paid in full in the first quarter of fiscal 2004.

# 9. GUARANTEES

From time to time, our European subsidiaries guarantee third party lease financing residuals in connection with the sale of certain machines in Europe. At July 31, 2004 there were 28 third party guarantees totaling approximately \$1.6 million. A retention of title clause allows us to obtain the machine if a customer defaults on a lease. We believe that the proceeds available from liquidation of the machine would exceed our guarantee exposure.

We provide warranties on our products with respect to defects in material and workmanship. The terms of these warranties are generally one year for machines and shorter periods for service parts. We recognize a reserve with respect to this obligation at the time of product sale, with subsequent warranty claims recorded against the reserve. The amount of the warranty reserve is determined based on historical trend experience and any known warranty issues that could cause future warranty costs to differ from historical experience.

A reconciliation of the changes in our warranty reserve is as follows (in thousands):

	wantani.	J
	Reserve	<u> </u>
Balance at October 31, 2003	\$ 1,0	)16
Provision for warranties during the period	1,5	598
Charges to the accrual	(1,2	289)
Impact of foreign currency translation		25
Balance at July 31, 2004	\$ 1,3	350

9

Warranty

# Item 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes thereto appearing elsewhere herein. Certain statements made in this report may constitute "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These factors include, among others, changes in general economic and business conditions that affect market demand for machines tools and related computer control systems, software products, and replacement parts, changes in manufacturing markets, adverse currency movements, innovations by competitors, quality and delivery performance by our contract manufacturers and component suppliers, and governmental actions and initiatives including import and export restrictions and tariffs.

# EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW

Hurco Companies, Inc. is an industrial technology company operating in a single segment. We design and produce computerized machine tools, featuring our proprietary computer control systems and software, for sale through our own distribution network to the worldwide metal cutting market. We also provide software options, control upgrades, accessories and replacement parts for our products, as well as customer service and training support.

Our computerized metal cutting machine tools are manufactured in Taiwan to our specifications by our wholly owned subsidiary, Hurco Manufacturing Limited (HML), and an affiliate. We sell our products through approximately 200 independent agents and distributors in approximately 40 countries throughout North America, Europe and Asia. We also have our own direct sales and service organizations in England, France, Germany, Italy, Singapore and China.

The machine tool industry is highly cyclical and changes in demand can occur abruptly. Beginning in the third quarter of fiscal 1998 and continuing through the third quarter of fiscal 2003, we experienced a significant decline in global demand. For example, our customer orders during the first quarter of fiscal 2003 were at their lowest level in ten years. During the downturn, we took actions to discontinue the production and sale of underperforming products, refocus on our core product lines and significantly reduce our operating costs. We also introduced new product models in late fiscal 2002 and throughout 2003. These new models, which, together with an improvement in worldwide demand for machine tools that began in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2003, were largely responsible for the significant increase in sales in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2003 and the first nine months of fiscal 2004.

Over 80% of worldwide demand for machine tools comes from outside the United States. During fiscal 2003 and the first nine of fiscal 2004, approximately 70% of our sales and service fees were attributable to customers located abroad. Our sales to foreign customers are denominated, and payments by those customers are made, in the prevailing currencies—primarily the Euro and Pound Sterling—in the countries in which those customers are located, and our product costs are incurred and paid primarily in the New Taiwan Dollar and U.S. dollars. Changes in currency exchange rates can have a material effect on our operating results as reported under generally accepted accounting principles. For example, when a foreign currency increases in value relative to the U.S. dollar, sales made (and expenses incurred) in that currency, when translated to U.S. dollars for reporting in our financial statements, are higher than would be the case when that currency has a lower value relative to the U.S. dollar. In our comparison of period-to-period results, we discuss not only the increases or decrease in those results as reported in our financial statements (which reflect translation to U.S. dollars at prevailing exchange rates), but also the effect that changes in exchange rates had on those results.

Although our high levels of foreign manufacturing and sales also subject us to cash flow risks due to fluctuating currency exchange rates, we mitigate those risks through the use of various hedging instruments - principally foreign currency forward exchange contracts.

10

The volatility of demand for machine tools can significantly impact our working capital requirements and, therefore, our cash flow from operations and operating profits. Because our products are manufactured in Taiwan, manufacturing and ocean transportation lead times require that we schedule machine tool production based on forecasts of customer orders for a future period of four or five months. We continually monitor order activity levels and rebalance future production schedules to changes in demand, but a significant unexpected decline in customer orders from forecasted levels can temporarily increase our finished goods inventories and use of working capital.

#### RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

## Three Months Ended July 31, 2004 Compared to Three Months Ended July 31, 2003

For the third quarter of fiscal 2004, we reported net income of \$1.6 million, or \$.25 per share, compared to \$331,000, or \$.06 per share, for the corresponding period one year ago. The improvement in net income was primarily due to a substantial increase in sales of our computerized machine tools attributable to newer models introduced in 2002 and 2003 and, improving market conditions, along with the benefit of stronger European currencies in relation to the U.S. dollar.

Sales and service fees for the third quarter of fiscal 2004 were \$23.7 million, an increase of \$5.4 million, or 29%, from the \$18.4 million reported for the third fiscal quarter of 2003. The increased sales reflected an improvement in industry demand and our newer machine tool products, as well as the favorable effects of changes in exchange rates. As noted below, approximately 61% of our sales and service fees in the third quarter of fiscal 2004 were derived from European markets. The weighted average exchange rate between the Euro and the U.S. dollar during the third quarter of fiscal 2004 was \$1.21 per  $\epsilon$ 1.00, as compared to \$1.15 per  $\epsilon$ 1.00 for the third quarter of fiscal 2003, an increase of 5%. Approximately \$1.0 million, or 18%, of the increase in total sales and service fees in the 2004 period was attributable to changes in currency exchange rates.

The following tables set forth sales and service fees by geographic region and product category for the third quarter of 2004 and 2003:

# Sales and Service Fees by Geographic Region (dollars are in thousands)

	Thi	Three Months Ended July 31					
	2004	2004			Amount	%	
North America	\$ 7,779	33%	\$ 6,146	34%	\$ 1,633	27%	
Europe	14,466	61%	11,226	61%	3,240	29%	
Asia Pacific	1,503	6%	982	5%	521	53%	
Total	\$ 23,748	100%	\$ 18,354	100%	\$5,394	29%	

Sales and service fees in North America benefited from a 57% increase in unit sales of our entry-level VM product line and a 6% increase in unit sales of our higher-performing VMX machining center product line. These increases are attributable to our newer models, along with an increase in domestic machine tool demand.

The 29% increase in our sales and service fees in Europe reflected the previously discussed impact of stronger European currencies relative to the U.S. dollar and a \$4.0 million increase in orders booked the third quarter of fiscal 2004 compared to the amount of orders booked in the third quarter of fiscal 2003. Approximately \$1.0 million, or 30%, of the increase in European sales and service fees was attributable to changes in currency exchange rates.

11

The increase in sales and service fees in Asia was due primarily to strengthening market demand for machine tools in South East Asia (principally in the semi-conductor industry) and, to a lesser extent, increased sales in China. Improvements made to our distribution network and selling organization in the region also contributed to the increase. The impact of currency translation is not significant on sales and service fees in South East Asia.

Computerized Machine Tools Service Fees, Parts and Other Total

	Three Months	Increase			
2	2004	200	03	Amount	%
\$ 19,64	5 83%	\$ 14,774	80%	\$ 4,871	33%
4,10	3 17%	3,580	20%	523	15%
\$ 23,74	8 100%	\$ 18,354	100%	\$ 5,394	29%

Approximately \$840,000, or 17%, of the increase in our reported sales of computerized machine tools was due to changes in currency exchange rates. Unit sales of our computerized machine tools increased 30% in the third quarter of fiscal 2004 compared to the prior year period. However, the average net selling price per unit, measured in local currencies, declined approximately 4% during the same period due to planned reductions in our net selling prices and to the higher percentage of units of our more moderately priced VM product line in our total product mix during the 2004 period. However, the impact of lower net selling prices was more than offset by the favorable effects of stronger European currencies.

New order bookings for the third quarter of fiscal 2004 were \$27.4 million, an increase of \$8.5 million, or 45%, from the \$18.9 million reported for the corresponding quarter of fiscal 2003. Approximately \$1.2 million, or 14%, of the increase was attributable to changes in currency exchange rates. The dollar value of orders increased 54% in the United States, 33% in Europe and 244% in Asia reflecting an improvement in the worldwide metal cutting machine tool market. Unit orders in the third quarter of fiscal 2004 for our entry level VM product line increased 100% from the corresponding quarter of fiscal 2003 while unit orders for our VMX product line increased 33% and total unit orders increased 60%. Backlog was \$11.1 million at July 31, 2004, compared to \$7.4 million at April 30, 2004, and \$8.2 million at October 31, 2003.

Gross margin for the third quarter of 2004 was 30.8%, an increase over the 27.6% margin realized in the corresponding 2003 period, due principally to increased sales volume and the favorable effects of stronger European currencies.

Selling, general and administrative expenses during the third quarter of 2004 increased approximately \$900,000, or 21%, from the amount reported for the 2003 period, primarily due to currency translation effects, increased commissions to European selling agents associated with the increase in European sales and increased sales and marketing expenditures.

The provision for income taxes is related to the earnings of two foreign subsidiaries. In the United States and certain other foreign jurisdictions, we have net operating loss carryforwards for which we have a 100% valuation reserve at July 31, 2004. The provision for income tax increased in the third fiscal quarter of 2004 because of increased earnings recorded by our taxable foreign subsidiaries.

## Nine Months Ended July 31, 2004 Compared to Nine Months Ended July 31, 2003

For the first nine months of fiscal 2004, we reported net income of \$4.0 million, or \$.67 per share, compared to a net loss of \$112,000, or \$.02 per share, for the corresponding period one year ago.

Sales and service fees for the first nine months of fiscal 2004 were \$70.7 million, an increase of \$19.0 million, or 37%, from the \$51.8 million reported for the first nine months of 2003. Approximately 63% of our sales and service fees in the first nine months of fiscal 2004 were derived from European markets. The weighted average exchange rate between the Euro and the U.S. dollar during the first nine months of fiscal 2004 was \$1.22 per  $\epsilon$ 1.00, as compared to \$1.09 per  $\epsilon$ 1.00 for the corresponding period of fiscal 2003, an increase of 12%. Approximately \$4.9 million, or 26%, of the increase in sales and service fees was attributable to changes in currency exchange rates.

12

The following tables set forth sales and service fees by geographic region and product category for the first half of 2004 and 2003:

#### Sales and Service Fees by Geographic Region (dollars are in thousands)

	Ni	ine Months E	Increase			
	2004		2003		Amount	%
North America	\$ 22,116	31%	\$ 17,411	34%	\$ 4,705	27%
Europe	44,177	63%	32,387	62%	11,790	36%
Asia Pacific	4,428	6%	1,962	4%	2,466	126%
Total	\$ 70,721	100%	\$ 51,760	100%	\$ 18,961	37%

Sales and service fees in North America benefited from a 55% increase in unit sales of our new entry-level VM product line and a 22% increase in unit sales of our higher-performing VMX machining center product line. These increases are attributable to our newer models, along with improving domestic economy.

The 36% increase in our sales and service fees in Europe reflect a 32% increase in unit sales, which was experienced most strongly in Germany, due in large measure to continuing acceptance of and demand for our new product models, as well as the previously discussed impact of the stronger Euro relative to the U.S. dollar. Approximately \$4.8 million, or 41%, of the increase in European sales and service fees was attributable to changes in currency exchange rates.

The increase in sales and service fees in Asia is the result of strengthening market demand for machine tools in South East Asia (primarily in the semi-conductor industry) and increased sales in China. Improvements made to our distribution network and selling organization in the region also contributed to the increase.

		Nine Months Ended July 31				
	200-	4	2003		Amount	%
Computerized Mach	ine				\$ 17,471	42%
Tools	\$ 59,089	84%	\$ 41,618	80%		
Service Fees, Parts	and				1,490	15%
Other	11,632	16%	10,142	20%		
Total	\$ 70,721	100%	\$ 51,760	100%	\$ 18,961	37%

Approximately \$4.4 million, or 25%, of the increase in machine tool sales was due to changes in currency exchange rates. Unit sales of our computerized machine tools increased 39% in the first nine months of fiscal 2004 compared to the prior year period. However, our average net selling price per unit, measured in local currencies, declined approximately 6% during the same periods, due to planned reductions in our net selling prices and to the higher percentage of units of the more moderately priced VM product line in our total product mix during the 2004 period. The impact of lower net selling prices was offset by the favorable effects of stronger European currencies

New order bookings for the nine months of fiscal 2004 were \$73.3 million, an increase of \$20.0 million, or 38%, from the \$53.3 million reported for the corresponding quarter of fiscal 2003. Approximately \$4.7 million, or 23%, of the increase was attributable to changes in currency exchange rates. The dollar value of orders increased 44% in the United States, 28% in Europe and 149% in Asia reflecting an improvement in the

13

worldwide metal cutting machine tool market. Unit orders for the nine months of fiscal 2004 for our entry level VM product line increased 96% from the corresponding quarter of fiscal 2003 while unit orders for our VMX product line increased 24% and total unit orders increased 45%.

Gross margin for the first nine months of fiscal 2004 was 30.1%, an increase over the 27.4% margin realized in the corresponding 2003 period, due principally to increased machine sales volume and the favorable effect of stronger European currencies.

Selling, general and administrative expenses during the first nine months of 2004 increased approximately \$2.0 million, or 15%, from the amount reported for the 2003 period, due primarily to currency translation effects, increased commissions to European selling agents associated with the increase in European sales and increased sales and marketing expenditures.

Variable option expense of \$322,000 is related to certain stock options that were subject to variable plan accounting. The stock options subject to variable plan accounting have all been exercised and no additional variable option expense is expected.

The provision for income taxes is related to the earnings of two foreign subsidiaries. In the United States and certain other foreign jurisdictions, we have net operating loss carryforwards for which we have a 100% valuation reserve at July 31, 2004. The provision for income tax increased in fiscal 2004 because of increased earnings from our taxable foreign subsidiaries.

# LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

At July 31, 2004, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$6.6 million compared to \$5.9 million at October 31, 2003. Cash generated from operations totaled \$4.8 million for the first nine months of fiscal 2004, compared to cash used of \$1.2 million in the prior year period.

Working capital, excluding short-term debt, was \$24.7 million at July 31, 2004, slightly higher than the \$22.9 million at October 31, 2003. Accounts receivable and inventory combined increase was \$5.4 million during the first nine months of fiscal 2004 but was offset by a \$7.3 million increase in accounts payable. The increase in inventory is due to a build up of finished product and an increase in work in process inventory to meet forecasted increase in demand. The increase in accounts payable was primarily due to increased manufacturing activity, accompanied by favorable payment terms from our suppliers in Taiwan. Additionally, a reduction of accrued expenses of \$1.3 million resulted from a \$1.2 million payment in the first fiscal quarter for the settlement of a foreign lease liability and the timing of payments for normal year-end accruals. As our sales increase in 2004, we expect our working capital requirements to increase accordingly.

Capital investments during the first half of fiscal 2004 consisted of normal expenditures for software development projects and purchases of equipment. We funded these expenditures with cash flow from operations.

Total debt at July 31, 2004 was \$5.0 million, representing 12% of our total capitalization, compared to \$9.2 million, or 24% of our total capitalization, at October 31, 2003. We were in compliance with all loan covenants and had unused credit availability of \$12.2 million at July 31, 2004. We believe that cash flow from operations and borrowings available under our credit facilities are sufficient to meet our anticipated cash requirements for the balance of fiscal 2004.

14

## NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

In the first quarter of fiscal 2004, we adopted the Financial Accounting Standards Board Interpretation No. 46 (FIN 46) Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities. This Interpretation requires existing unconsolidated variable interest entities to be consolidated by their primary beneficiaries if the entities do not effectively disperse risks among parties. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the Consolidated Financial Statements.

Our accounting policies, which are described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2003, require our management to make significant estimates and assumptions using information available at the time the estimates are made. These estimates and assumptions significantly affect various reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. If our future experience differs materially from these estimates and assumptions, our results of operations and financial condition could be affected. There were no material changes to our critical accounting policies during the third quarter of 2004.

#### CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS AND COMMITMENTS

There have been no material changes from the information provided in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended October 31, 2003.

#### OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

From time to time, our German subsidiary guarantees third party lease financing residuals in connection with the sale of certain machines in Europe. At July 31, 2004 there were 28 third party guarantees totaling approximately \$1.6 million. A retention of title clause allows this subsidiary to recover the machine if the customer defaults on its lease. We believe that the proceeds available from liquidation of the machine would cover any payments required under the guarantee.

15

#### Item 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

## Interest Rate Risk

Interest on our bank borrowings and economic development bond are affected by changes in prevailing U.S. and European interest rates. At July 31, 2004, outstanding borrowings under these credit facilities were \$273,000. The remaining outstanding indebtedness of \$4.7 million is at a fixed rate of interest.

#### Foreign Currency Exchange Risk

In the third quarter of fiscal 2004, approximately 70% of our sales and service fees were derived from foreign markets. All of our computerized machine tools and computer numerical control systems, as well as certain proprietary service parts, are sourced by our U.S.-based engineering and manufacturing division and re-invoiced to our foreign sales and service subsidiaries, primarily in their functional currencies.

Our products are manufactured primarily in Taiwan, to our specifications, by our wholly owned subsidiary and an affiliate. The predominant portion of our exchange rate risk associated with product costs relates to the New Taiwan Dollar.

We enter into forward foreign exchange contracts from time to time to hedge the cash flow risk related to forecast inter-company sales, and forecast inter-company and third-party purchases denominated in, or based on, foreign currencies. We also enter into foreign currency forward exchange contracts to provide a natural hedge against the effects of foreign currency fluctuations on receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies. We do not speculate in the financial markets and, therefore, do not enter into these contracts for trading purposes.

Forward contracts for the sale or purchase of foreign currencies as of July 31, 2004 which are designated as cash flow hedges under SFAS No. 133 were as follows:

	Notional Amount	Contract Amount at Forward Weighted Rates in U.S. Dollars		es in	
Formula Controlto	in Foreign	Forward	At Date of	Index 21, 2004	Maturity Dates
Forward Contracts	Currency	Rate	Contract	July 31, 2004	Maturity Dates
Sale Contracts: Euro	18,100,000	1.1973	21,671,130	21,736,621	August 2004 - October 2005
Sterling Purchase Contracts:	2,200,000	1.7309	3,807,980	3,935,187	August 2004 - October 2005
New Taiwan Dollar	120,000,000	32.71*	3,668,603	3,530,518	August 2004 - October 2004

\* per U. S. Dollars

16

			Contract A	Amount at	
		Weighted	Forward	Rates in	
	Notional Amount	Avg.	U.S. I	Oollars	
	in Foreign	Forward	At Date of	July 31,	
Forward Contracts	Currency	Rate	Contract	2004	Maturity Dates
Sale Contracts:					
Euro	5,437,057	1.2139	6,600,043	6,529,910	August 2004 - September 2004
Singapore Dollar	4,581,991	1.7045*	2,688,173	2,668,742	August 2004 - January 2005
Sterling Purchase Contracts:	698,901	1.8050	1,261,516	1,267,898	August 2004 - September 2004
New Taiwan Dollar	100,000,000	33.83*	2,955,956	2,942,076	August 2004 - September 2004

<sup>\*</sup> per U.S. Dollars

17

## Item 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

We carried out an evaluation under the supervision and with participation of management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of July 31, 2004 pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Based upon that evaluation, our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of the evaluation date.

There have been no changes in our internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the quarter ended July 31, 2004 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

1.8

# PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

# Item 1. <u>LEGAL PROCEEDINGS</u>

We are involved in various claims and lawsuits arising in the normal course of business. We believe it is remote that any of these claims will have a material adverse effect on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

<u>Item 5.</u> <u>OTHER INFORMATION</u>

None

Item 6.

19

# EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K

- (a) Exhibits:
  - 11 Statement re: Computation of Per Share Earnings
  - 31.1 Certification by the Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
  - 31.2 Certification by the Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
  - 32.1 Certification by the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
  - <u>32.2</u> Certification by the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- (b) Reports on Form 8-K:

Report furnished on May 19, 2004 under Item 12, Results of Operations and Financial Condition reporting that on May 19, 2004 the Company issued a press release containing earnings information for the quarter ended April 30, 2004. A copy of

# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

HURCO COMPANIES, INC.

By: /s/ Roger J. Wolf

Roger J. Wolf

Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

By: <u>/s/ Stephen J. Alesia</u> Stephen J. Alesia

Stephen J. Alesia
Corporate Controller and
Principal Accounting Officer

September 9, 2004

# **Exhibit 11 Statement Re: Computation of Per Share Earnings**

Three Months Ended Nine months Ended July 31, July 31, 2004 2003 2004 2003 (in thousands, except per share data) Basic Diluted Basic Diluted Basic Diluted Basic Diluted Net income (loss) \$ 1,582 \$ 1,582 \$ 331 \$331 \$ 3,988 \$ 3,988 \$ (112) \$(112) Weighted average shares outstanding 5,583 5,882 5,882 5,583 5,722 5,722 5,583 5,583 322 47 242 Dilutive effect of stock options 5,882 6,204 5,583 5,630 5,722 5,964 5,583 5,583 \$ 0.27 \$ 0.25 \$ 0.06 \$ 0.06 \$ 0.70 \$ 0.67 \$ (0.02) \$(0.02) Earnings (loss) per common share

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO RULE 13a-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS AMENDED

- I, Michael Doar, certify that:
  - 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Hurco Companies, Inc.;
  - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
  - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
  - 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
    - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
    - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
    - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
  - 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
    - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
    - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Michael Doar Michael Doar Chairman & Chief Executive Officer September 7, 2004

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Hurco Companies, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (c) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Roger J. Wolf
Roger J. Wolf
Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer
September 7, 2004

Exhibit 32.1

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Hurco Companies, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending April 30, 2004 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned hereby certifies, pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Michael Doar Michael Doar Chairman & Chief Executive Officer September 7, 2004

2.5

Exhibit 32.2

# CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Hurco Companies, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending April 30, 2004 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned hereby certifies, pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Roger J. Wolf Roger J. Wolf Senior Vice President & Chief Financial Officer September 7, 2004